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TWO CENTS.

Alleged Murderer of Gussie President Expected to Recom-Pfeiffer.

INTO CUSTODY.

Detectives Following a Large Number of Clues Leading to the

Suspect.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

NEW YORK, September 21 .-The hunt for Joseph Girard, who is wanted by the police to tell what he knows about the death of Gussie Pfeiffer, who was murdered in a thicket near the village of Westchester last Wednesday week, continued today unabated, and it is not unlikely, if the anticipations of Capt. Burfeind of the Westchester police are realized, that the man will be taken into custody today.

The captain said today:

"We are on the track of the most important man yet connected with this case, and we expect to have him before tonight. Once this man is captured all the mystery in the case will be cleared up."

The police have practically ceased their efforts to fix with exactness the time and manner of the girl's death. They are now satisfied that the murder was committed on Wednesday night, not far from the place where the body was found, and that the body was carried to the spot where it was found soon after the murder was committed, and lay there undiscovered until Saturday. These deductions seem to be well founded.

The evidence of the police against the suspect Girard is regarded as very strong, and all their efforts are being bent toward his capture. The net which the police have thrown out to catch him has been enlarged day by day. He was last seen a week ago this morning, and although he had a long start, the police have all along been confident that he cannot escape the meshes of their dragnet, which is now stretched almost worldwide.

From Capt. Burfeind's statement today it would appear that his detectives have got some pretty good clue that they are confident will be productive of quick and

important results.

A large number of clues without substance were investigated yesterday, and several more cropped up this morning. The tip that Girard had shipped on a schooner bound for the West Indies was disposed of yesterday afternoon. Detective Price, with the aid of a launch from the harbor police, boarded the schooner as she lay becalmed in Prince's bay and ascertained that Girard was not abourd. Late last night Coroner O'Gorman received a tip that a man answering Girard's description had been seen on the 3d avenue "L" station at 177th street. Detectives were sent out, but the clue was

Brunswick, N. J., on suspicion that he was Girard, but he was not. Another clue which is being investigated today leads to Peekskill. A suspicious-looking man whose description seems to fit Girard's had been seen in the vicinity of Montrose, just south of Peekskill, and a detective has gone from here to help the Peekskill police search for him. Still another trail led to Bay Ridge, where a search was made last night for a tramp who was seen changing his clothes in a vacant lot on 67th street. Capt. Burfeind receives hundreds of letters daily from persons claiming to have information about the suspect, but none of the letters

Ed Harned, Girard's intimate friend. and Mrs. Julia Mahon, with whom he boarded, are still in the house of detention. The police are questioning them daily in an effort to make them give a complete story of what they know of Girard in the hope of getting some clue to his whereabouts. The police are of the opinion that the two are able to tell more than they have up to date.

#### ON THREE SHIPS.

#### Steerage Passengers Quarantined for Cholera

NEW YORK, September 21.-Having been passengers on three different steamers to which they were successively transferred, 1,002 persons arrived here today in the steerage of the steamship Graf Waldersee. These passengers were the first party of immigrants to be subjected to the cholera quarantine regulations which were recently applied to steerage passengers leaving Hamburg, and the enforcement of these precautions caused their numerous transfers. They embarked originally at Hamburg on the steamer Moltke, but disemat Cuxhaven, where they went aboard the steamer Bulgaria and were de-tained on that ship for eight days. Finally the Bulgaria transferred them to the Graf

#### CASES OF ARSON.

#### Sweeping Investigation by Chicago Grand Jury.

CHICAGO, September 21 .- Twenty-three arson cases, including two attempted murders and involving fraudulent insurance claims amounting to many thousands of dollars, will be made the subject of a sweeping investigation by the grand jury. The inquiry began yesterday.

One effect of the investigation will be the recommendation that an arson board be established which will keep a record of all fires reported to insurance companies. These greatly exceed those reported to the fire department. Another re will be that insurance adjusters be required to take out an annual license. There are about 200 of these adjusters and some of them are believed to be in collusion with in-

#### To Float the Mikasa.

TOKIO, September 21.—A powerful pump has arrived at Sasebo from Port Arthur to be used in floating the battleship Mikasa. Admiral Togo's flagship, which was recently sunk with great loss of life. It is expected to refloat the Mikasa within three months.

Surrendered Naturalization Papers. SAN FRANCISCO, September 21.-Six seamen, captains and chief officers, surrendered to the federal authorities yesterday their naturalisation papers, irregularly ob-tained. Among them was Capt. J. W. Saun-ders of the steamship Manchuria, who was naturalised in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1886.

# HOT AFTER JOE GIRARD MONEY FOR POLITICS

mend Legislation.

POLICE ON THE TRAIL MR. CHANDLER'S BILL

BELIEVED MAN WILL BE TAKEN UNANIMOUSLY REPORTED, BUT DIED WITH THE SESSION.

> Many Speeches Looked for on the Subject During the Next Congress

> > on Both Sides

It is expected that during the next session of Congress the President will recommend legislation relating to the making of political contributions. It is quite generally believed that he will refer to that matter in his next annual message, and there are many senators and representatives who fa-vor prompt action in the enactment of such

On February 2, 1901, Senator Chandler introduced a bill in the Senate to prohibit corporations from making money contributions in connection with political elections. The bill provided that it should be unlawful for any national bank, or any corporation engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, or any corporation organized by authority of any laws of Congress, to make a money contribution in connection with any election to any political office. The bill provided that it should be unlawful for any corporation whatever to make a contribution in connection with any election at which a representative or senator is to be voted for. The bill provided that any corporation found making such contribution should be fined \$5,000 and any officer, stockholder, director or employe of a corporation who should consent to the making of such a contribution should be fined \$1,000.

Reported Unanimously.

This bill was sent to the committee on privileges and elections, and five days after its introduction it was reported unanimously by Mr. Chandler. As introduced the penal clause was against any officer or

the close of the Congress in which it made its appearance it was not then thought possible to pass the bill through both houses. As a fact it died about one month after its introduction, when the Congress adjourned on March 4, 1901. The bill excited no opposition, so far as the record is concerned. The committee that reported it the lake, and with the construction of a consisted of Senators Chand'er, Hoar, Burrows, Pritchard, McComas, Caffery, Pettus, that section of the country could be tapped. senators only Burrows and Pettus will be in the next Congress

Throughout Congress it was no secret that the bill to prohibit the making of contributions by corporations was not regarded as a measure likely to pass even if it had been introduced early in the session. It was looked upon as rather a measure for discussion and for the future. The fact is, except in those campaigns in which the gold standard was declared to be placed at leopardy, both political parties looked to corporations for funds with almost equal chance of getting them.

It was no secret that many corporations

regularly contributed to both political par-ties. Mr. Havemyer of the sugar trust declared in plain language that he had contributed to democrats and republicans

#### Discussion in Next Congress.

The discussion in the next session of Congress is likely to tend largely toward the President's plan for the publication of all campaign contributions and to endeavor to hedge national elections about in such a way that money may not be spent for corrupt purposes. Every one recognizes that in order to have the great political issues properly contested there is a certain need of money. The publication and distribution of speeches and all classes of literature is quite generally ragarded as not to be condemned, but as of advantage in having the issues of the day properly under-stood by the voters. There are many other expenses attending elections that are re-garded as entirely justificable and essential to having the political issues laid before the people in a proper way.

Leaders in Congress are a unit in declaring that it is only when money is expended to corrupt voters that the expendi-ture can be criticised. But it is generally believed that this subject will give risd to an immense amount of debate in the next Congress. There are a score of senators and a large number of representatives who will wish to go on record saying things about the corporations and the practice of corporations making contributions to political campaigns.

is understood that Senator Carmack will have some very pointed remarks to make on this subject and Mr. Gorman will it is believed, tell what he thinks of corporation contributions. On the republican side there will also be many speeches.

#### SENTENCE OF ALBERS.

#### It is Expected in the Course of a Few Days.

Senor Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, called at the State Department today and had another talk with Acting Secretary Adee respecting the case of the imprisoned American, William S. Albers. The minister has received a cablegram from his government containing exactly the same information as that received by the State Department yesterday; namely, that Albers had been convicted of resistance to a legal process. He expects that sentence will be imposed in the course of a few days in the

usual order of things. Senor Corea has been assured by Mr. Cramon Company, whose agent Albers that the company did not sanction the re-ported dealings of Albers in tobacco, which seems to have precipitated the trouble. The State Department has no further informa-

#### MAY SELL FORT PORTER SITE. Proposed to Establish Regimental Post at Sturgeon Point.

Acting Secretary Oliver of the War De partment today authorized the appraisal of the site of old Fort Porter, at Buffalo, N. Y., to ascertain if the proceeds of its sale will be sufficient to purchase 1,000 acres for a regimental military post at Sturgeon Point, twenty-two miles from Buffalo, on Lake Erie. In case the sale price of For Porter shall not be sufficient to buy the new site the proposed enlargement of Fort Magara, at the mouth of the Niagara river,

This decision ends a long controversy in



'ANANIAS: "WITTE, YOU TAKE THE CAKE!"

# employe consenting to the making of such a contribution by a corporation, the fine being \$1,000. As reported the fine was made also to apply to the corporation in the sum of \$5,000, and stockholders and directors were included among those who might be fined \$1,000 for consenting to the making of the contribution. Being introduced such a short time before the close of the Congress in which it made its appearance it was not then thought possible to pass the bill through both houses. As a fact it died about one month

ped.

In his finding the Secretary differs with
the recommendation of the board, in that
the latter suggests that the city of Buffalo
acquire the Sturgeon Point site for the government in exchange for the Fort Porter property. Such a transaction would re-quire legislation by Congress, whereas legal authority has already been given for the condemnation and sale of the Fort Porter roperty, with the added authority to apply the proceeds to another site.

In case the sale and purchase of these sites should not be carried out, 620 acres of land adjoining the eastern boundary of Fort Niagara are to be bought by the government, for which an appropriation has already been made by Congress.

#### PAPERS BECOMING QUIET. Papers in Tokio Regarding Peace

Terms. TOKIO, September 21, 10:30 a.m.-The expressions of dissatisfaction over the terms of the treaty of peace in the columns of the local papers are not so frequent as they were some time ago.

The list of papers suspended since the urgency ordinance was passed includes nine published in Tokio and thirteen published elsewhere, five of which were resuspensions. At the time of the outburst of popular indignation occasioned by the intervention of three European powers at the close of the war between Japan and China, the cases of papers suspended exceeded 200, ten of which were in Tokio.

twelve days today since its publication was ordered stopped.

The news of the Russian emperor's proposal to hold a second peace conference at The Hague has not so far evoked any comment by the press.

The Asah! remains suspended. It is

#### ANXIOUS TO DIE.

#### Horrible Method of Would-Be Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, September 21.-George Finkelstein, a former lodging house keeper of this city, tried to end his life today in a horrible manner. Finkelstein had been accused by the police of permitting illegal voters to register from his establishment and had been virtually driven out of business. He brooded over his misfortune and sought death by knife and fire. He was found in his room in a lodging house with his throat and wrists cut and his head lying in a fire which he had made of a pile of newspapers. A fellow lodger detected the smoke, quickly investigated and dragged Finkelstein from the flames. He is badly burned and lost considerable blood from the wounds in his throast and wrists. Physicians say he cannot recovere

#### Two Cars Turned Over.

WALTON, Kan., Septemoer 21 .- The eastound California flyer on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad was de gof, one of the representatives of the Port | railed here last night, the dining car and a sleeper turning over. Fred Kempnick of Chicago, second cook on the dining car, was badly scalded. Five persons were injured, but Kempnick was the only one seriously hurt. He may die.

#### Loss of the Mikasa

TOKIO, September 21 .- negarding the loss of the battleship Mikasa, strong doubt is now expressed that the fire started at the base of the mainmast. It is believed the conflagration must have been due from the outset to an explosion, which was followed by a greater explosion. Otherwise it is unexplainable why the flames were not ex-guished by the veteran crew of the bat-tleship, which had remained calm under the hottest fire from Russian guns.

#### Reception to Prince pecial Dispatch to The Star.

NORFOLK, Va., September 21.-The mangement of the Jamestown exposition is ring for a big reception to Prince which several real estate syndicates have taken an active part. The case was once decided upon the report of a special board of inquiry, the decision being that Fort

Time for Mr. Roosevelt's New Orleans Trip.

SOME -DISAPPOINTMENT

CAUSED BY NEWS FROM ALA-BAMA.

Conditions in Louisiana Capital Constantly Improving-

Statistics.

NEW ORLEANS, September 21 .- While the fact that the Arkansas authorities have asked ten days' time in which to give a definite answer to Dr. White's inquiry as to whether the President's train can enter that state after leaving here has caused some disappointment, it is the expectation of the health authorities that the situation will have sufficiently improved by October 1 to warrant the officials of the sister state in then giving the permission. Meanwhile New Orleans is going forward with its preparations to receive the President, and it is the opinion of the entire medical fraternity that he will come here without the slightest risk. The conditions here are constantly improving, notwithstanding occasional jumps in the number of cases, the classing of other types of fever with yellow fever being responsible for the unfavorable aspect some-

times given the situation. The news from the country shows improvement in some sections and aggravation of conditions in other portions. The appearance of two more cases at Baton Rouge, one resulting in death, has caused much depression at the capital, and will probably result in the resoration of quarantines against it. President Wilson said today that it was probable that most of the public schools

of New Orleans will open on October 2.

Sccretary Mayer of the Progressive Union replying to an inquiry, has written a letter to the American Association of Scientists which is scheduled to meet here December 28, that there will be absolutely no danger at that time.

#### Ill at Home.

President Kohnke of the city board of health is reported ill at his home with nervous prostration as a result of overwork.

The first laborers of the sugar plantations went into the detention camp at Avondale today. The Louisiana immigration station expects to send out 10,000 laborers through these channels.

The biennial report of the city board shows the yearly deaths in New Orleans to be about 6,700; 1,001 from tuberculosis, 651 from heart disease, 608 from Bright's disease, 465 from diarrhoea and 440 from pneumonia. There have been thus far 351 deaths from yellow fever this years and from yellow fever this year, and at the present rate if the fever is not stamped out for a month the total will be about 500.

The figures are cited to show how mild has been the present epidemic as a result of the application of modern scientific meth-

## HE MAY BE REDUCED

#### DISBURSING OFFICER WORCESTER ON ACCOUNT OF NEGLIGENCE.

W. P. Worcester, the disbursing officer of the marine hospital service in whose office the alleged forgeries of Clerk Boyd took place, will, in all probability, be reduced to a elerkship much below, in point of salary, his present position. Secretary Shaw has the matter under co and has practically decided that he will reduce Mr. Worcester. Surgeon Gene Wyman of the marine hospital service had a long conference this morning with Sec-retary Shaw, at which the disposition to be made of the case of Mr. Worcester was

who has an excellent record, is in a measure responsible for the losses by not make

#### have urged that he be allowed to hold his place, and say that his record is such that he ought not to be disturbed, the forgerles of Boyd being beyond power of detection except by a most minute examination of the books, such an examination as would require many weeks by experts. Secretary Shaw may make a general shake-up at the marine hospital service.

shake-up at the marine hospital service. He is giving his personal attention to the situation and has put a committee of treasury experts to work upon the books and in the office of the disbursing clerk. This committee is headed by J. S. Kilgore, one of the most expert accountants in the office of the controller of the treasury. It is understood today that some time before the discovery of Boyd's forgeries this same committee had been at work in the marine hospital service, but it was sent to work on another line and did not go into the accounts of the disbursing officer. This gave rise to a rumor that the departmental committee of inquiry, of which Assistant Secretary Keep is chairman, had been at work retary Keep is chairman, had been at work on the books of Boyd prior to the discovery and had pronounced everything This is erroneous, as this mittee has not been near the office of the

marine hospital service and has not taken up the affairs of that office.

It is understood to be the intention of Secretary Shaw to have the Kilgore committee go pretty deep into marine hospital affairs, investigating many features of that affairs, investigating many features of that

Treasury officials say that neither the treasury nor Disbursing Officer Worcester will lose any money by the defalcation of Boyd. The loss will all fall upon the banks that passed the forged checks through, the banks indorsing and guaranteeing each signature to the checks.

#### REGRETTED BY CUBA.

#### Reported Outrage Against the American Consulate at Cienfuegos.

Mr. Quesada, the Cuban minister, today expressed himself in the strongest terms against the reported outrage perpetrated on the United States consulate at Cienfuegos, Cuba, by the throwing of filth on the coat of arms over the entrance to the building, and said that the Cuban government would deal with the matter in the most energetic way. He called at the State Department this morning and personally handed to the acting secretary of state a copy of the following cable message he had received from Senor O'Farrill, secretary of state of Cuba, dated yesterday, expressing the regret of the government and people of Cuba at the occurrence:

"This morning the coat of arms of the United States consulate at Clenfuegos appeared defiled. Express to the Secretary of State how deeply the government deplores this occurrence, which must not be interpreted as a demonstration of hostility on the part of the Cuban people toward the American people, but as an isolated act due to a criminal hand to the end of creating difficulties to the government. An immediate and scrupulous investigation has bee nordered to punish the author of such repugnant action.

#### ENGAGED ON REPLIES.

#### Department Responses to Keep Commission Questions Being Prepared. The different departments of the government are busily engaged in preparing the replies they will make to the queries of the Keep commission as to departmental affairs. The War Department and the Navy

Department are preparing charts that show the official responsibilities in those departments. The object is to show in detail the responsibilities of every official from the heads down to bureau chiefs. The departments that are not preparing charts or diagrams are detailing the responsibilities in as good English as they can be written. Several hundred clerks have given much time during the last few months to prepar-ing answers to the many questions that were asked by the commission.

#### The Sherman Sails for Home. The military secretary has received a cable from Manila stating that the transport Sherman sailed from that city yesterday for San Francisco, with 86 casuals, 136 navy and marines, 27 sick, 20 general pris-oners and 2 insane.

New Attache of Japanese Legation. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, has otified the Department of State of the arrival in this city of Mr. Isaburo Yoshita, who was recently appointed an attache of the Japanese legation at Washington.

Admiral Barker to Live Here. Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, who was formerly in command of the North At-lantic fleet, and is now on the retired ist, and taken up his residence in this city at

Government May Escape a Crack California Corps as Deficit Next Year.

EXPENDITURES SHOW BUT SLIGHT FALLING OFF.

Suggested That a Tax Be Imposed on Patent Medicines Containing & Large Percentage of Alcohol.

"It now looks possible to avoid any legisation of an extensive character during this fiscal year to meet a deficit in the treasury," said Representative Tawney of Minnesota today, "as the outlook is growing better all the time. The receipts of the treasury are increasing right along over the same period of the last fiscal year, when there was a deficit of something like \$24,-000,000, and if there is not some unexpected spurt in expenditures the dencit this year may be much below that. I now believe that we will be able to reduce our expenditures for the next ascal year so as to come within the receipts and not have to bother with additional taxation of any Tax on Patent Medicines.

"There is one small source of revenue that we have overlooked up to this time that may be inquired into at the coming session. That is the matter of placing a sultable tax upon patent medicines containing large percentages of alcohol, as many of them do. The commissioner of in-ternal revenue a short time ago rendered a decision that affects these medicines, but a decision that affects these medicines, but his decision deals with those medicines that contain comparatively little medicinal qualities and much alcohol. It seems to me that any patent medicine containing large quantities of alcohol, regardless of its medicinal ingredients, ought to pay tax in accordance with the proportions of alcohol contained. I have not gone into this question fully, but I shall investigate it with care."

Mr. Tawney is one of several congress-men who has this same subject in mind. The patent medicine people see that a fight is ahead and propose to meet it. They will resist efforts to impose special taxes upon them, claiming that the alcotaxes upon them, claiming that the alcohol that is used has already paid taxes.
The position of members of Congress
who apparently favor additional taxes is
that these medicines are widely used in
prohibition communities, where even the
mildest of alcoholic drinks are excluded.
It is alleged that the effect is bad on people who exceed the directions and become
confirmed in their use of the alcoholic

#### confirmed in their use of the alcohol in the medicines. Prospects of the Treasury.

The fact that the deficit of the treasury so far this fiscal year is only \$13,504,088, against \$21,638,291 at this time a year ago, is considered an indication that the situation will not be bad at the close of the year. Many treasury experts, however, think this view is optimistic, as there may be a run of expenditures in the new few months that will place the treasury as far behind as ever.

The receipts of Uncle Sam so far this fiscal year amount to \$128,795,201, while the total to this time a year ago was \$121,292,427, an increase for this year of about \$7,500,000. This increase is largely to date of \$65,005,369, compared with \$56,-209,741 to this time last year. Internal revenue receipts also make a better showing, the total income from that source to this time being \$54,192,450, compared with \$51,673,773 a year ago. The miscellaneous receipts have taken a fall, the total to this time being \$9,597.381, against \$13,408.913. The treasury last year at this time was getting in some borrowed money from the Louisiana purchase exposition, which was added to miscella-neous receipts, making it larger than this

The expenditures in the present year are not falling behind last year worth mentioning. The total paid out to date mounts to \$142,299,290, as against \$142,-930,719 a year ago. It is the almost unanimous belief that the expenditures the present fiscal year,

which ends June 30, 1906, will greatly exceed those of the year just gone. Re-ceipts will have to hold their present in-crease to keep the deficit down below that of the last fiscal year. The income from customs shows that

#### the people are buying more largely abroad now than they did a year ago and that they are consuming more domestic stuff upon which there is taxation by the government. FROM FAMINE DISTRICT.

Trains of Emigrants Going to South

America MADRID, September 21.-Dispatches from the famine districts of Andalusia say that entire trains of emigrants are leaving to embark for South America. Many families are abandoning their homes and farms. Some villages in Galicia have been totally deserted through despair of receiving the promised relief. The steamship companies announce that fifteen steamers loaded with emigrants will leave Andalusian ports in October. The press is urging the govern-

Military Attaches Start Home. ST. PETERSBURG, September 21 .-Brigadier General Thomas H. Barry, Capt. Sydney A. Cloman and Col. John Van R. Hoff, the American military attaches in Manchuria have started for home. They Manchuria, have started for home. T are returning by way of St. Petersburg.

ment to adopt energetic measure wholesale emigration to America.

#### Held Prolonged Meeting. TOKIO, September 21, 4:30 p. m .-- A pro-

longed meeting of the cabinet and elder statesmen took place today, but the subject of the conference has not yet been made public. It is believed that various made public. It is believed that various matters relating to home and foreign policy were under discussion.

The public is daily becoming more impatient for the withdrawal of the order proclaiming the city under martial law.

#### Not Enough Police.

WARSAW, Russian Poland, Septembe 21.-Governor General Skallon has issued an army order drawing attention to the insufficiency of the police to quell the general ferment in Russian Poland, and to the fact that it is necessary that the litary authorities act vigor erlessly in restoring order.

#### Personal Mention. After a month's vacation, spent partly

Canada and partly in Atlantic City, John Garrison, auditor of the District, returned to the city yesterday, and was at his desk again this morning.

Deputy Health Officer Harry McLean returned to work this morning much benefited by his stay by the saa. Mr. McLean enjoyed his entire vacation at Ocean City.

## Weather.

Fair tonight and tomor-

# TAWNEY IS HOPEFUL FAMOUSTEAM COMING

Local Canton's Guests.

#### INCREASE IN RECEIPTS PERFECT THIRD DEGREE

CAPT. CHISHOLM RECEIVES BOTH CASH AND CONGRATULATIONS.

Number of Local Grand Chevaliers Increased to Nine-Order Has Never Met Here.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., September 21 .-The famous Rebekah Drill Corps of San Francisco is going to Washington on its way home from the Sovereign Grand Lodge. This team has been the sensation of the meeting. It took a prominent part in the great parade, was a feature of the ceremenial of conferring the grand decoration of chivalry, and has participated in every important event. It is composed of twentyone pretty and handsomely uniformed young ladies under the direction of Capt. Allie Perker, a skilled drill mistress, who can make some of the best of her male com-

peers step lively.

Arrangements are being made for an appropriate reception to the corps and the entertainment of its members while they remain in Washington. And thereby hangs a true tale of modern chivalry. On Tuesday night the ladies' marching corps took part in the grand chivalric decoration. Two night the ladies' marching corps took part in the grand chivalric decoration. Two Washingtonians were among those who received the honors, Washington ladies graced the occasion as participants in the ceremony and Canton Washington was also on hand. It was the evening after the big parade, the greatest in the history of Odd Fellowship. Every one was weary, and none more than the ladies who had taken part in the long march. The day had been very hot, and, notwithstanding its successes, quite trying on the paraders. During the evening ceremonial Miss Alma Wohler, a member of the California team, suddenly member of the California team, suddenly succumbed from exhaustion. This was Washington Canton's opportunity. The only hospital corps of Patriarchs Militant in the country is that of this canton, and it promptly rushed to the rescue of the mber of the only uniformed Rebekah

## Old Frendship Renewed.

The episode led to an exchange of compliments between Capt. Parker of the drill corps and Capt. Chisholm of the canton, who were old acquaintances dating from the 'Frisco convention of the Sovereign Grand Lodge. The result was the promise to stop off in Washington on the return trip

to the Golden Gate.

The California drill corps has borne up well under its long and trying experiences of the week. It carried off first prize for the best appearing body in the long line of marchers. "And considering the manifest beauty of the parade." says Capt. Parker, "we feel that it is an honor worth having." She added that she and the members of her command expected to greatly enjoy their Washington visit, which will last about a week. "We don't attract any attention on the streets in San Francisco, they are so of the week. It carried off first prize for the streets in San Francisco, they are so used to us," Miss Parker said, "but here the sight of our uniforms seems to draw almost too much notice. When we came east we hoped to stimulate the interest of other Reekah lodges and give them an incentive to

form drill teams of their own of a similar All the officers of the Grand Lodge have congratulated the captain on the work of her team. Gen. M. A. Raney has spoken in enthusiastic terms of the team, and told Capt. Parker that from now on the California drill team should accompany the Sovagalance of the capt. ereign Grand Lodge and give exhibition

drills at every annual meeting.

Capt. Chisholm has received the cash prize awarded for second best in the drill contests. He and his chevaliers are also in receipt of all sorts of compliments from other cantons, many of whose members do not hesitate to say that if they had been judges the results would have been different. But the Washingtonians are content with the prize they received and the knowledge that they did their level best. The captain and several members of the canton will leave with their wives and families for New York today, others will go to Pittsburg and various places for vacations, and many will go

#### home on today's trains. Perfect Third Degree.

Columbia Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., put on the third degree last night in perfect form, under the able and experienced direction of Degree Master J. Edward Fowler and his assistant, Lieut. C. D. Shackelford. The work was of a high order and elicited warm approval. Nearly all the Washington Odd Fellows in town witnessed the ceremony. The team itself was notable for the large number of prominent men of the fraternity in the cast. It included Past Grand Master, Past Grand Patriarch and Past Grand Representative Thomas W. Fowler, Past Grand Master George Z. Colison, Past Grand Patriarch E. C. Grumley, Past Grand Patriarch and Grand Warden A. W. Ver-Patriarch and Grand Warden A. W. Vermillon, Past Noble Grand George Gerberich. N. M. Pollock, J. Edward Fowler, S. G. Taylor, Andrew Turnbull, H. J. Redfield, A. E. Snootz, C. A. Cannon, Otto F. Smith. C. D. Shackelford, D. D. Love and S. S. Keck. Other officers and members of the lodge in the team were Thomas Arnold, G. W. Woodford, A. T. Lewis, Thomas Shelton, Dr. B. H. Smart, Stanley Ridings, Maurice Bean and William Galbraith. A marked feature of the work was the elocution by the priests of the several degrees. The excellent control exercised by the degree master over his exercised by the degree master over his team was shown when the degree was concluded in the record time of one hour.
A large number of members of the team
left for Washington on late trains last
night, but J. Edward Fowler and others will remain until the close of the

Capt. Allie Parker's drill team gave a largely attended exhibition on the stage of Kelth's Theater last night and won ap-plause for their fine marching and drill-ing. It was Odd Fellows' night at the theater.

### Local Grand Chevaliers.

By the honor of the grand decoration of chivalry here conferred by Samuel Boyce and W. H. McNiel of Washington the capital's grand chevaliers are increased to nine, as follows: William P. Allan, Samuel Boyce, John I. Brown, D. V. Chisholm, Thomas W. Fowler, A. C. Grumley, W. H. McNiel, Fred A. Stier and C. D. Shackelford. The recognition of Samue Boyce is by way of reward for his long and faith-ful service as secretary of Canton Wash-

rul service as serretary of Canton washington.

Columbia Lodge's degree contest was in competition with Manatawny Lodge of Pettstown, Pa., and some others. The judges who witnessed the drill were Acting Grand l'attlarch W C. Taylor of New Jersey, Grand Sentinel John N. Stowell of New Jersey, Past Grand Master Lewis A. Cook of Massachusetts, Past Grand Representative A. H. Beckeby of Ontario. Prizes for all degree work will be announced

sentative A. H. Beckeby of Ontario. Prizes for all degree work will be announced later in the day.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge session has proved a big thing even for Philadelphia if the estimate of 50,000 attendance is correct. This would mean, counting in small figures, at a dollar a day for meals. \$50,000. Add 50 cents a day per visitor for lodging—that would bring the da!ly total of expenditure up to \$75,000. Twanty cents